NIFT

National Institute of Fashion Technology General Ability Test (GAT) – 01

MAX. MARKS: 100

TIME ALLOWED: 120 MINUTES

GAT comprises of the following sub - tests.

- 1. Quantitative Ability
- 2. Communication Ability, English Comprehension
- 3. Analytical Ability
- 4. General Knowledge

Instructions for the candidate:

- Each question carries one mark.
- Answers are required to be marked only on the OMR/CR answer sheet, which will be provided separately.
- Each question is following by four answer choices which are marked a, b, c, d on the answer sheet.



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1.	If $A:Bis2:3$ and $B:Cis1:2$, then $A:B:C$ will be	10.	If David's income is 33% more than that of John's, then how much per cent
	a) 1:2:3 b) 2:3:6		is John's income less than that of
	c) 1:3:6 d) 1:3:5		David's?
2.	The largest natural number that exactly		a) 24.8%
	divides the product of any four		b) 32.3%
	consecutive natural numbers is		c) It cannot be determined
	a) 12 b) 24 c) 120 d) 48		d) None of these
3.	20 L of a mixture contains 20% alcohol	11.	The original price of a Television is Rs
	and the rest is water. If 5 L of water is		9600. The price is discounted by 20%
	mixed in it, the percentage of alcohol in		and then raised by 10%. Its new price in
	the new mixture will be		rupees will be
	a) 15% b) 18% c) 17% d) 16%		a) 8624 b) 8448
4.	If $a = 2$ then $5a+3b = 2$		c) 9024 d) 8864
4.	If $\frac{a}{b} = \frac{2}{5}$, than $\frac{5a+3b}{5b-3b} = ?$	12.	The price of tea is increased by 20%.
			By how much percent must a lady
	a) 5 b) 1 c) $\frac{a}{2b}$ d) -5		reduce her consumption of tea so as not
5.	A group of students decided to collect		to increase the expenditure?
	as many rupees for each member of the		a) 15.5 b) 16.67
	group as is the number of members. If	12	c) 17.25 d) None of these
	the total collection amounts to Rs 5929,	13.	A student has to secure 40% of marks to
	the number of members in the group is		pass. He gets 178 marks and fails by 22 marks. The maximum marks are
	a) 57 b) 67 c) 77 d) 87		a) 600 b) 500
6.	The average weight of Ram, Lakshman		c) 400 d) 800
	and Pawan is 67 kg. If the average	14.	If a boy walks from his house to the
	weight of Ram and Lakshman is 62 kg	17.	school at the rate of 4 km/h, he reaches
	and that of Lakshman and pawan is 68		the school 10 min earlier than the
	kg. the weight of Lakshman in kg is		scheduled time, However, If he walks at
	a) 60 b) 62		the rate of 3 km/h, he reaches 10 min
_	c) 58 d) none of these		later. The distance from the school to
7.	The average of 8 numbers is 18. The		the house in km is
	average of 6 of these number is15. The		a) 2 b) 3 c) 4 d) 5
	average of the remaining two number is	15.	The price of an article is cut by 20%. To
	a) 30 b) 20		restore it to the former value, the new
0	c) 27 d) 24		price must be increased by
8.	If 30% of a length of fabric costs Rs		a) 30% b) 25%
	126, the total costs of the fabric is		c) 20% d) none of these
	a) Rs 420 b) Rs 380 c) Rs 360 d) Rs 400		
9.	Mr. Chopra is four times as old as his	Dire	ction (Q. Nos.16-20) : Fill in the blanks
J.	son. Five years ago, Mr. Chopra was	with	the most appropriate word / phrase that
	nine times as old as his son was at that		completes the sentence:
	time. The present age of Mr. Chopra is	16.	The conditions necessarythis
	a) 36yr b) 32yr		project have not been met.
	c) 40yr d) 28yr		a) of completion
	-/ -J- -		b) for the complete of
			c) of complete
			d) for the completion of

17.	I shall finish the	e work four days.	Dire	ction (Q. Nos.26	(5-30): Choose the words		
	a) by	b) within	/ phr	ases that are ne	arest in meaning to the		
	c) at	d) on	capit	alized be words i	n the questions followed		
18.	One difficulty	at night is limited	by fo	our choices:			
	vision.	_	_				
	a) with driving	b) be driven	26.	ABASE			
	c) do drive	d) will drive		a) incur	b) tax		
19.	· ·	ider how an expert on		c) elope	d) humiliate		
		is able to trace the	27.	ABLUTION	.,		
		n teeth, which seem		a) washing	b) censure		
	_	ich the whole ancestry		c) forgiveness	d) mutiny		
	hangs.	ion the whole uncestry	28.	ACCLIVITY	a) mainly		
	a) reliable	b) inadequate	20.	a) sharp up – slo	one of a hill		
	c) novel	d) spacious		b) index	ope of a min		
20.	,	not complied		c) report			
20.	a) to	b) with		d) character			
	,	,	29.	BOISTEROUS			
D:	c) on	d) at	29.		h) confliction		
		-25): Each of the		a) noisy	b) confliction		
	_	as been divided into	20	c) noiseful	d) grateful		
-		One of them has on	30.	BRAKISH	1.		
	. Choose the one			a) careful	b) salty		
21.	Being a well – I	known environmentalist		c) chosen	d) wet		
		A	~.				
	/ he was invited to inaugurate		Direction (Q. Nos.31-35): Choose the words				
		В	/ phrases that are opposite in meaning to the				
	/ the newly constructed dam		capitalized be word given in the question				
	(followed by four choices:				
	/ No error.		31.	GRANDIOSE			
	D			a) false	b) ideal		
22.	We should shar	<u>e</u> / <u>our bliss</u>		c) proud	d) simple		
	A	В	32.	GULP			
	/ and blessings	to others. / No error.		a) chew	b) swallow		
	Č	D		c) spit out	d) swig		
23.	Even if the prob	olem is very serious	33.	CAUTIOUS			
		A		a) uninterested	b) careless		
	/ it should not l	oe written off		c) attentive	d) circumspect		
	В		34.	GULLIBLE	, 1		
	/ as incapable of	of solving.		a) fickle			
	C			b) easy			
	/ No error.			c) stylish			
	D			d) cannot be dec	reived		
24.	A lot of boys / y	was standino	35.	HAPHAZARD	201704		
21.	A	B B	33.	a) safe	b) indifferent		
	/ in the Quadrar	=		c) deliberate	d) by chance		
	C C	D		c) deliberate	d) by chance		
25.	A large number	D	Dire	otion (O No.36	-40): Choose the word		
25.	<u> </u>	<u>Of Illidustries</u>			*		
	A	/in Undershad	choic		ng among the given		
	B are coming up	/ <u>in Hyderabad</u> .			h) harranaaya		
		C	36.	a) horrendous	b) horrencouz		
	/ No error.			c) horendouz	d) horendous		
	D						

- 37. a) incorrigible b) incorigible
 - c) incorygible d) incorygyble
- 38. a) nauceous
- b) nauseous
- c) naseous
- d) nausious
- 39. a) thesaaurus
- b) thesarus
- c) thesaurus
- d) thesaurous
- 40. a) intersept
- b) intercept
- c) interscept
- d) intresept

Direction (Q.No's:41-45): Read the passage given below and answer the questions that follows by choosing the correct option:

PASSAGE

Somerset Maugham is a prominent shortstory writer. His stories present a curious incident. Humour is the dominant feature in his stories. "The Luncheon' is a typical example. It is the tale of a society lady who says one thing and does another thing as regards food matters.

The author lived in paris 20 years ago. He was a writer by profession. His revenue was very low so he could just keep his body and soul together. One day, he received a letter from his lady fan. In it, she said that she was passing through paris and would like to talk to him over a luncheon at Foyot's restaurant. The writer was thrilled and so he went to the restaurant to meet her.

She was a woman of forty. In appearance, She was imposing rather than attractive. She was a talkative woman. At the hotel, the writer was starlted to see the high prices. But the lady assured him that she would never eat more than one thing for luncheon. Saying so, she placed order for a salmon. Then, she wanted to have caviar, white wine, asparagus, ice, coffee and peaches. The writer became a dumb man. At last, she said that she won't eat more than one thing for luncheon. She advised the writer to follow her example. The writer had to spend the whole month without a penny in his pocket. After 20 year, he saw her now at the play. She had grown extremely fat. He felt that he had his revenge at last.

- 41. In the passage, the author is giving message on
 - a) the restaurant
 - b) the character of a lady
 - c) the humour
 - d) meeting the stranger

- 42. How does the author take his revenge on the lady?
 - a) by making her fat
 - b) by seeing her in the play
 - c) by paying for her food
 - d) none of these
- 43. What does 'revenge' in the context mean?
 - a) tit for tat
 - b) eating more
 - c) not caring for the lady
 - d) thinking that the lady has become extremely fat and unable to work hard
- 44. Why was the author astonished?
 - a) on receipt of a letter from a lady fan
 - b) meeting a stranger
 - c) because the lady said, she would eat one thing but ate many
 - d) on seeing the lady becoming extremely fat
- 45. Which of the following does not suit the character of the lady?
 - a) attractive
 - b) humerous
 - c) says one and does another
 - d) talkative

Direction (Q.No's 46-50): Read the passage given below and answer the questions that follow, by choosing the correct option:

PASSAGE

Books are by far, the most lasting products of human effort. Temples crumble into ruin, pictures and statues decay, but books survive. Time does not destroy the great thoughts, which are as fresh as today when they first passed through their author's mind. These thoughts speak to us through the printed page. The only effect of time has been to throw out of currency, the bad products, Nothing in literature, which is not good, can live for long. Good books have always helped man in various spheres of life. No wonder that the world keeps its books with great care:

- 46. Time does not destroy books because they contain
 - a) useful material
 - b) subject matter for education
 - c) great ideas d) high ideals

- 47. "to throw out of currency" means to
 - a) destroy
- b) extinguish
- c) forget
- d) put
- 48. The World keeps its books with care because
 - a) they educate us
 - b) they bring great ideas to us
 - c) they help us in various spheres of life
 - d) they make us successful
- 49. Which of the following is not related to the given passage?
 - a) great thoughts are destroyed
 - b) temple crumbles into ruin
 - c) pictures and statues decay
 - d) books survive
- 50. "Most lasting products of human effort" : the first line in the passage means
 - a) books are the last products
 - b) human efforts are only in books
 - c) the effort of humans in the form of books live for long
 - d) none of the above

Direction (Q.No's51-55): Read the passage given below and answer the questions that follow, by choosing the correct option:

PASSAGE

The government of India has decided to stop all imports of food by 1951 by increasing the internal production and by EQUITABLE distribution of all available internal supplies. Hyderabad State has deficit in food grains, especially in rice and wheat, and has to depend on imports. To achieve self sufficiency, it is imperative that food production must be increased and that all-available internal SURPLUS in the State must be procured for even distribution within the State.

This Levy system is designed to PROCURE from the cultivator's only surplus grain, after making a LIBERAL allowance for their own requirements. This system is called the graded levy system, for the quantity levied is fixed according to the estimated gross production, which is based on the quality of the soil as reflected by average assessment, and is subject to decrease or increase according to the size of the holding. The

important features of this new levy system are : government monopoly in major cereal food grains and a ban on the movement of food grains from villages; compulsory levy of grains; guarantee of prices for levy grains; rationing in all areas – statutory in urban areas and non – statutory in rural areas.

- 51. What is Graded Levy System?
 - a) Procure only surplus from cultivators with liberal allowance for their own requirements
 - b) Procure all the production of the cultivators
 - c) Procure exactly 50% of the production
 - d) Procure a present quantity of food grain, which is determined randomly
- 52. Demand for food was to be met by
 - a) Increased supply of food from overseas
 - b) Increased supply of food from other States
 - c) Increased internal supply and equitable distribution of internal supplies
 - d) decreased consumption
- 53. In context of the Hyderabad State
 - a) There is a surplus of food grains
 - b) There is just enough to meet the demand for food grains
 - c) There is a deficit especially in rice and wheat
 - d) There is a deficit of rice only
- 54. Where else does the grain levy scheme operate?
 - a) Hyderabad State
 - b) Bombay Province
 - c) Madras Presidency
 - d) Andhra Pradesh
- 55. The scheme is designed to do the following except
 - a) Government monopoly in area of cereal food grains
 - b) Ban of movement of food grains form villages
 - c) Madras Presidency
 - d) Non guarantee of prices for levy grains

Direction (Q.No's56-60): Read the passage given below and answer the questions that follow, by choosing the correct option:

Voltaire was a great French writer of the eighteenth century. Indeed, he was one of the greatest men whom European civilization produced. He was truthful. tolerant and benevolent. He sneered at everything. He was a man of critical genius and humanity. He was a man of perfect character and had a dynamic personality. He was anti-Nazi by nature. Above all, he was a man of contradictions. He was mischievous but a free – man. Frederick was a German dictator who believed in force, fraud and cruelty. He was a great organizer and was over ambitious. He was a cultivated but sensitive gentleman. He believed in freedom of speech but he was a tyrant. Voltaire loved the human race while Frederick despised the human race. Voltaire believed in humanity, whereas, Frederick did not. Frederick was a cynic whereas Voltaire was an optimist.

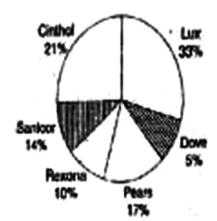
On being invited, Voltaire visited Frederick and stayed in Berlin. In the beginning, they were cordial and praised each other. But in the later years, Voltaire found the hidden cruelty in Frederick. Frederick also saw the tiresome little monkey in Voltaire. Voltaire got involved in a shady financial transaction. He quarreled with another French man, drank too much chocolate and thus he gave more trouble to the King. At last, he left Berlin after a stay of two years.

But Frederick, who was cynical worked through his Gestapo and got Voltaire and his niece arrested. Voltaire was imprisoned and tormented. With the king's intervention, Voltaire was released. Voltaire, for all his faults, was a free – man but Frederick was a tyrant.

- 56. Which one of the following characteristics does not suit Voltaire?
 - a) cynic
- b) tolerant
- c) dynamic
- d) truthful
- 57. What is the passage mainly telling us about ?
 - a) Relationship between Frederick

- and Voltaire
- b) Quarrel between Frederick and Voltaire
- c) Contrasting characters of Frederick and Voltaire
- d) Relationship between the King and Voltaire
- 58. The one characteristic in the passage that does not suit Frederick is
 - a) cynical
 - b) belief in humanity
 - c) fraud in nature
 - d) cruel
- 59. Which of the following incidents did not occur in the passage?
 - a) Quarrel between Voltaire and a French man
 - b) Imprisonment of Voltaire's niece
 - c) King's intervention in arresting Voltaire
 - d) None of the above
- 60. Which one of the four characters described in the passage anti-Nazi?
 - a) The King
- b) The niece
- c) Frenchman
- d) Voltaire

Direction (Q.No's61-65): The following chart gives the survey of various soaps in a locality of 1500 families:



- 61. The number of families using Cinthol is
 - a) 295 b) 326 c) 245 d) 315
- 62. If the number of families using Lux is decreased by 6% of the number of families using Santoor is increased by 5% of the total, then what will be the difference between the number of families using Lux and Santoor?

 a) 160 b) 203 c) 197 d) 120

The number of families using only 63. Pears is

b) 255 c) 240 d) 260 a) 210

The number of families using Rexona 64. and Santoor is

a) 345 b) 290 c) 420 d) 360

The soap which is used by minimum 65. number of people is

a) Rexona

b) Cinthol

c) Dove

- d) Santoor
- If English alphabets are written in reverse order, what is the letter after M ?

a) N

- b) L c) J

d) O

- If eye is called ear, ear is called nose, 67. nose is called mouth and mouth is called the cheek, then low would one smell something?
 - a) by ear
- b) be cheek
- c) by eye
- d) by mouth
- 'J' is the grandson of 'K'. 'N', who is 68. the father of 'K', has no sons. Is 'K' father of 'J'?
 - a) Yes
 - b) No
 - c) Can't say
 - d) Some more data is needed
- The length of a rectangle is $\frac{3}{2}$ times of its width, which is equal to 'a' cm. The area of the rectangle is
 - a) $\frac{2}{3}a^{2} sqm$ b) $\frac{2}{3}a sqm$ c) $\frac{3}{2}a^{2} sqm$ d) $\frac{3}{2}a sqm$
- 70. Fill in the blank

49	216		1024	729
7	6	5	4	3

a) 125 b) 375 c) 875 d) 625

- 71. Find the works – pair with similar relationship to the words WATCHES:
 - a) finger: hand b) cloth: clothes
 - c) lady: women d) wool: woolen

Direction (Q.No's72-74): Based on the information given below answer:

Each problem contains a question and two statements, which give certain data. You have to select the correct answer from (a) to (d) depending on the sufficiency of the data given in the statements to answer the questions.

Mark (a): If statement A alone is sufficient to answer the question and statement B alone is not sufficient to answer the question.

Mark (b): If statement B alone is sufficient to answer the question and statement A alone is not sufficient to answer the question.

Mark ©: If statements A and B together are sufficient to answer the question but neither statement alone is sufficient.

Mark (d): If statements A and B together are not sufficient to answer the question and additional data specific to the problem are needed.

- 72. What is the cost of 8 pens and 4 pencils?
 - A) 2 pens and 4 pencils cost Rs 20.
 - B) 2 pens and 1 pencil cost Rs. 15.
- What is the present age of Ramesh? 73. A) Ramesh is the eldest sibling in the family.
 - B) Ramesh's sister is 10 yr old.
- 74. How is X related to Y?
 - A) Y is grand father of X
 - B) Z is the wife of X
- If the code for DURABLE is 75. CTQZAKD, then in the same way the code for ABILITY would be
 - a) ZCHMHUX b) BAJKJSZ
 - c) BCJMJUZ d) ZAHKHSX
- If 26th January, 1991 falls on Monday, 76. then the 365th day from that day would be
 - a) Sunday
- b) Monday
- c) Tuesday
- d) Saturday
- 77. 2, 3, 7, 16, 32,
 - a) 57 b) 48 c) 66 d) 47
- 2, 6, 18, 54, , 486, 1458 78.
 - a) 176 b) 162 c) 66 d) 204 NAD, OEH, PIL, QOP, ____
 - a) RTU
- b) RUS
- c) RUT

79.

- d) RSU
- 80. Fill in the blanks with the letters given below, each letter corresponding to each blank : ab aabb bb
 - a) abab
- b) baaa
- c) abbb
- d) baba

Direction (Q.Nos.81-82): Study the following table and answer the questions below:

Year wise and discipline wise, number of candidates selected in an industry (in thousand)

Disopline Year	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996
Science	16	20	25	15	14	16
Maths	8	12	12	- 11	15	13
Aris	4	8	9	10	11	13
Commerce	1	3	3	3	. ,1	2
Others	1	1	1	1	1	1
Total	30	44	50	40	42	45

- 81. The number of selected candidates in which discipline is increasing every vear?
 - a) Arts
- b) Commerce
- c) Science
- d) Maths
- In which year is the percentage of 82. commerce discipline candidates the highest?
 - a) 1992
- b) 1993
- c) 1994
- d) 1996

Direction (Q. Nos. 83-85): In the Following questions, four options one given. Find the odd one out among them:

- 83. a) Carrot
- b) Cauliflower
- c) Potato
- d) Beetroot
- 84. a) 8
- b) 64 c) 81 d) 343
- b) 17 c) 23 d) 27
- 85. a) 19
- 86. The number of NIFT centers in India equals
 - a) 6
- b) 7
- c) 5
- d) 8
- 87. Ikat is
 - a) type of yarn b) type of fabric
 - c) colour
- d) dved fabric type
- 88. Cotton fabrics are preferred in summer because
 - a) it keeps the body cold
 - b) it is abundantly available in India
 - c) it absorbs moisture and sweat from the body
 - d) none of the above
- Which is the part of elements of design?
 - a) Balance
- b) Contrast
- c) Texture
- d) Harmony

- 90. How many colours are there as primary colours?
 - a) 4
- b) 3
- c) 5
- d) 2
- India's permanent station in Antartica is 91.
 - a) Manas Gangotri
 - b) Dakshin Gangotri
 - c) Kanchenjunga
 - d) Sagar Kanya
- 92. Which is the first Design School in
 - a) IDC b) SID c) NID d) NIFT
- 93. Which dance from belongs to Andhra Pradesh?
 - a) Bharatnatyam
- b) Kuchipudi
- c) Kathak
- d) Kathakali
- 94. Fill means:
 - a) for Investment Interest
 - b) for Investment Institution
 - c) foreign Institutionary Investors
 - d) none of the above
- 95. Line is
 - a) meeting of two points
 - b) formed by one point
 - c) there are no points
 - d) none of these
- 96. The red colour represents
 - a) Purity
- b) Sorrow
- c) Joy
- d) Anger
- 97. Colour theory was discovered by
 - a) Newton
- b) Vengogue
- c) Prang
- d) Eintein
- 98. How many are the basic principles of design?
 - a) 5
- b) 4
- c) 3
- d) 2
- What should come in place of '?' in 99. following







- a) 96
- b) 36 c) 60 d) 48
- 100. Identify a figure having the same property as the main figure given below









<u>Key :</u>			
1.b	26.d	51.a	76.b
2.b	27.a	52.c	77.a
3.d	28.a	53.c	78.b
4.d	29.a	54.b	79.c
5.c	30.b	55.d	80.b
6.d	31.d	56.a	81.a
7.c	32.c	57.c	82.c
8.a	33.b	58.b	83.b
9.b	34.d	59.c	84.c
10.a	35.c	60.d	85.d
11.b	36.a	61.d	86.b
12.b	37.a	62.d	87.d
13.b	38.b	63.b	88.c
14.c	39.c	64.d	89.c
15.b	40.b	65.c	90.b
16.d	41.b	66.b	91.b
17.b	42.d	67.d	92.c
18.a	43.d	68.b	93.b
19.a	44.c	69.c	94.c
20.b	45.a	70.d	95.a
21.d	46.c	71.b	96.d
22.c	47.d	72.b	97.a
23.d	48.c	73.d	98.c
24.b	49.a	74.c	99.a
25.d	50.c	75.d	100.b